

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
HEADQUARTERS, III CORPS & FORT HOOD
FORT HOOD, TEXAS 76544-5016
December 5, 2012

Interim Change 1 to
FH REG 700-15

Logistics
FORT HOOD AMMUNITION HANDBOOK

History. This is an Interim change to Fort Hood Reg 700-15.

Summary. This interim change replaces all operational load procedures in Chapter 5 of Fort Hood Reg 700-15.

Applicability. Procedures outlined in this regulation apply to all units, activities, contractors, National Guard, Reserve units, and other agencies that use ammunition facilities or receive ammunition services at Fort Hood.

Supplementation. Local supplementation of this interim change requires coordination with the Directorate of Plans, Training, Mobilization, and Security (DPTMS), (USAG), Fort Hood.

Suggested Improvements. The proponent of this regulation is DPTMS. Send comments and suggested improvements on Department of the Army (DA) Form 2028 to Commander, USAG and Fort Hood, ATTN: DPTMS, Fort Hood, Texas 76544.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

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IAW FH FORM 1853: S

Summary of Change:

- This change revises all operational load procedures contained within Chapter 5
- This change supersedes all OPL procedures in Chapter 2 and Chapter 5. All OPL procedures are now contained only in this Interim Change 1 to FH Reg 700-15

*Supersedes chapter 5 of the III Corps and Fort Hood Regulation 700-15 dated 3 December 2007

CHAPTER 5

Operational Load (OPL) ammunition procedures

5-1. General procedures

a. Operational Load ammunition (OPL) is that ammunition used in the performance of day-to-day missions as opposed to training ammunition which is normally used during training exercises such as weapons qualification, gunnery and field training exercises. OPL includes eight different types of ammunition. Each of these different types of OPL and how they will be managed is addressed in the paragraphs below.

b. OPL ammunition does not have training dates assigned like training ammunition, so OPL ammunition will be assigned mission dates by the TAMIS TAM Validator, DPTMS, USAG.

c. DPTMS is the approving authority for all OPL ammunition mission dates.

d. Approved mission dates will be entered in the remarks block of the e581 when it is validated by DPTMS.

e. In all cases, for all OPL ammunition can become delinquent, the delinquent date will begin the day after the end of mission date and will always be 5 working days after this date. This provision does not apply to items in paragraphs 5-6, 5-7, and 5-8 which **NEVER** go delinquent.

f. Current procedures in Fort Hood Reg 700-15 will be used to request OPL ammunition. Additional requirements when requesting OPL may be listed below. All OPL requests for all items except for (CADs) and (PADs) (C/P) require a statement on the OPL request stating that the unit understands that these items must be maintained on unit property books. C/P items do not require unit Property Book accountability as they are installed on aircraft. All other types of OPL ammunition require company level Property Book accountability.

g. If OPL of any kind (not C/P) is stored in a unit arms room, that arms room must be licensed to store ammunition. C/P items are not authorized to be stored in a unit arms room. III Corps Safety is the (POC) for licensing arms rooms.

h. A unit's training ammunition account **DOES NOT** become delinquent if they have an OPL account/document that becomes delinquent. These accounts are maintained under 2 separate (DODAACs) and (UICs) on separate unit signature cards (DA Form 1687) so one account does not affect the other. It is the responsibility of each unit and (BAO) to ensure issued documents, no matter what kind, are properly reconciled and cleared.

5-2. Cartridge actuated devices and propellant actuated devices (C/P)

a. Description. These are Class V components for Army helicopters.

b. Requests for C/P items will be IAW current procedures distributed by DPTMS. This is because these requirements frequently change as directed by the Department of the Army (DA) and the Joint Munitions Command (JMC).

c. The mission dates for C/P items will be determined by DPTMS based on the unit location, the number of items drawn, the time it will take to install new items, and remove the old items, and prepare the old items for turn-in.

d. In order to reconcile a C/P issue, an item identical to or an approved substitute unserviceable item corresponding to the item issued must be turned in.

e. C/P OPL documents become delinquent 5 working days after the end of mission date.

f. C/P items will always be issued to a unit no matter what type of ammunition account for that unit may be delinquent. This is because C/P items are required for aircraft maintenance and readiness.

Example: a unit's training account or any other type of ammunition account is delinquent but the unit requests C/P items. The unit **WILL** be issued C/P items, but C/P OPL documents must still be cleared.

5-3. Funeral detail ammunition (A080)

a. Description. This is ammunition used in the performance of rendering honors at a military funeral normally A080, cartridge 5.56mm blank.

b. Brigade Ammunition Officers (BAOs) will request mission dates for funeral detail ammunition based on the unit tasking. DPTMS is the approving authority for mission dates.

c. In no case will mission dates for funeral detail ammunition be longer than 90 days. If a unit requires funeral detail ammunition longer than 90 days they can submit a request for an extension signed by a Captain or above to the ASP Reconciliation Section. Only one extension of 90 days or less will be granted to one funeral detail OPL ammunition draw document. If funeral detail ammunition is required longer than that, the unit must draw more funeral detail ammunition and turn-in and clear the funeral detail ammunition they currently have on hand.

d. Funeral detail OPL documents become delinquent 5 working days after the end of mission date.

e. Funeral detail ammunition will always be issued to a unit no matter what type of ammunition account may be delinquent for that unit. This is because military funerals must be supported in all cases. Example: a unit's training account or any other type of ammunition account is delinquent but the unit requires funeral detail ammunition. This unit **WILL** be issued funeral detail OPL ammunition; however, funeral detail OPL documents must still be cleared.

5-4. Salute ammunition (C025)

a. Description. This is 75mm blank ammunition used for rendering honors at military ceremonies.

b. IAW AR 710-2, a unit may only draw a 30 day supply of salute OPL.

c. Units and BAOs can request mission dates longer than 30 days but in most cases mission dates will not exceed 30 days.

d. DPTMS will approve any exceptions to the normal 30 day mission dates.

e. Salute OPL documents become delinquent 5 working days after the end of mission date. A unit will not be issued more salute ammunition until they properly reconcile and clear all salute OPL ammunition draw documents.

f. The only exception to this policy is HSC III Corps, who is responsible for providing 75mm ammunition to render daily honors to the flag. HSC III Corps will always be issued 75mm ammunition even if they have a salute OPL ammunition document that has become delinquent. It is up to the unit and their BAO to get those documents cleared ASAP.

5-5. Duty ammunition (A260, A363, AA49)

a. Description. OPL used by Law Enforcement Activities (LEA) in the performance of their day-to-day mission. These LEA include DES, SRT, MP, and CID personnel.

b. Mission dates for duty ammunition can be unlimited since these items become property book items once drawn.

c. The ASP will file all duty ammo issues with a suspense date 1 year from the issue date when that ammunition must be inspected.

d. Annual OPL inspections are the responsibility of the owning unit and their BAO.

e. Duty ammunition will not be turned in unless classified as unserviceable by a (QASAS) or if that mission no longer exists.

f. Duty ammunition draw documents **NEVER** become delinquent. A unit can be reported that they have duty OPL ammunition that is overdue for an annual periodic inspection.

5-6. Facilities guard ammunition (A059, A363, AA33, AA49)

a. Description. OPL ammunition used by units in the performance of missions to guard installation and unit facilities such as an airfield, the Ammunition Supply Point (ASP), the Ammunition Holding Area (AHA), and/or the gate to their cantonment area

b. Mission dates for facilities guard ammunition will be requested by the unit's BAO on the OPL request based on the tasking but in no cases will these dates be longer than 90 days. Mission dates will be approved by DPTMS.

c. Facility guard OPL ammunition maintained by a unit may be kept for an unlimited period of time. Units are required to maintain Property Book accountability for facility guard OPL ammunition.

c. Facility guard OPL ammunition does not have to be turned in unless classified as unserviceable by a QASAS.

d. Facility guard OPL ammunition draw documents **NEVER** become delinquent. A unit will be reported if they have facility guard OPL ammunition that is overdue for an annual periodic inspection. In this case, the unit and BAO must take action to get that ammunition inspected ASAP.

5-7. Arms, ammunition and explosives (AA&E) guard ammunition (A059, A363, AA33, AA49)

a. Description. OPL ammunition used for guarding CAT I and II ammunition when drawn from the ASP and during transport to a training area and ammunition used for guarding shipments of bulk quantities of weapons.

b. AA&E guard ammunition maintained by a unit may be kept for an unlimited period of time. Units are required to maintain Property Book accountability for AA&E guard OPL ammunition.

c. AA&E guard OPL ammunition does not have to be turned in unless classified as unserviceable by a QASAS.

d. AA&E guard OPL ammunition draw documents **NEVER** become delinquent. A unit will be reported if they have AA&E guard OPL ammunition that is overdue for an annual periodic inspection. In this case, the unit and BAO must take action to get that ammunition inspected ASAP.

e. It is the unit's and the BAO's responsibility to ensure that AA&E guard OPL ammunition is properly inspected once a year.

5-8. Crisis Reaction Battalion (CRB) Operational Load (OPL) ammunition (A059, AA33)

a. Description. This is 5.56mm ammunition used by the CRB for the installation CRB mission.

b. Mission dates for all issues of CRB ammunition will be the same as that unit's tasking for the CRB mission.

c. CRB issues must be reconciled 5 working days after the end of mission date.

d. When a unit is notified that they will be taking over the CRB mission, they must contact III Corps Safety office to get their Arms Rooms licensed to store the CRB ammunition.

5-9. Mission Operational Load (OPL) ammunition

a. There are currently three operations that require unit's to draw OPL and have it on hand in the AHA, ready to deploy if the unit is required to perform any of these missions.

b. Quick Reaction Force (QRF) OPL

(1) Description - OPL maintained by MP or other types of units in case they have to respond to an installation emergency.

(2) This can include 5.56mm, 9mm, 5.56mm linked, and 7.62mm ammunition.

(3) The ASP will file all QRF ammunition issues with a 1 year suspense date when that ammunition must have a periodic inspection.

(4) QRF ammunition can be maintained by a unit as long as they have that mission.

(5) QRF ammunition must be accounted for on a company level Property Book.

c. CCBRNE Consequence Management Reaction Force (CCMRF) OPL

(1) Description - OPL maintained by a unit tasked with this mission. This can be various types of small arms ammunition a unit is required to have on hand in case they are required to deploy on a CCMRF mission.

(2) Mission dates for all issues of CCMRF ammunition will be the same as that unit's tasking for the CCMRF.

d. Defense CCBRNE Response Force (DCRF) OPL

(1) Description - OPL maintained by a unit tasked with this mission. This can be various types of small arms a unit is required to have on hand in case they are required to deploy on a DCRF mission.

(2) Mission dates for all issues of DCRF ammunition will be the same as that unit's tasking for the DCRF.

e. Mission OPL ammunition documents must be cleared 5 working days after the end of mission date.